## **LR65 Free Space Radar**



80 GHz Radar (FMCW) Level Transmitter for powders and dusty atmosphere

- ▶ Flush-mounted PEEK Lens antenna hence no intrusion into tank
- Extremely high dynamics for reliable measurement despite dusty conditions
- ▶ Easy installation due to small beam angles



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## 1.1 The FMCW radar level transmitter for powders and dusty atmosphere

This device is a non-contact radar level transmitter that uses FMCW technology. It measures distance, level and volume of powders, granulates and other solids. It is ideal for measuring the level of solids in applications with very dusty atmospheres.



- ① Aluminium or stainless steel housing
- ② Large, backlit LCD screen with 4-button keypad can be used with a bar magnet without opening the housing cover. The software has a quick setup assistant for easy commissioning. 12 languages are available.
- 3 2-wire 80 GHz FMCW radar level transmitter
- PEEK Lens antenna design

#### Highlights

- 2-wire loop-powered 80 GHz transmitter HART® 7
- Accuracy: ±2 mm / ±0.08"
- PEEK Lens antenna options include:
  - DN70 / 2% antenna with  $4^\circ$  beam angle suitable for long nozzles and distances up to 100 m / 328 ft
  - DN40 / 1% antenna with  $8^\circ$  beam angle, available with 1% thread connections, measures up to 30 m / 98 ft
  - 112 mm / 4.4" antenna extension for long nozzles
- Antenna purging system for flange connection without antenna extension
- Extensive choice of process connections (threaded ≥1½" and flange ≥DN50 / 2")
- One user interface for all applications
- Empty tank spectrum function eliminates false reflections caused by tank internals
- Extensive choice of process connections (threaded ≥1½" and flange ≥DN50 / 2")
- Extremely high dynamics with considerable signal-to-noise ratio for clear vision in dusty atmospheres

- 4 GHz sweep for high resolution
- Low-cost low-pressure disc flange
- No need for antenna aiming kits. A slanted flange can be installed if necessary.

#### **Industries**

- Metals, Minerals & Mining
- Chemical market
- Power
- Agri-food
- Wastewater
- Pulp & Paper

## **Applications**

- High and narrow silos
- Buffer silos
- Bulk storage containers or hoppers

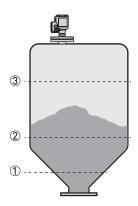
# 1.2 Applications

#### 1. Level measurement of solids



The level transmitter can measure the level of a wide range of solid products on a large variety of installations within the stated pressure and temperature range. It does not require any calibration: it is only necessary to do a short configuration procedure.

#### 2. Mass (volume) measurement



A strapping table function is available in the configuration menu for volume or mass measurement. Up to 50 mass (volume) values can be related to level values. For example:

Level ①= 2 m / Mass ①= e.g. 100 kg

Level ②= 10 m / Mass ②= e.g. 500 kg

Level ③= 20 m / Mass ③= e.g. 1000 kg

This data permits the device to calculate (by linear interpolation) volume or mass between strapping table entries.

PACTware™ software and a DTM (Device Type Manager) is supplied free of charge with the device. This software permits the user to easily configure the device with a computer. It has a conversion table function with a large number of tank shapes.

# 1.3 Product family

LevelWave LR01 (10 GHz) for liquids in storage and process applications



This 10 GHz 2-wire FMCW radar level transmitter measures distance, level, volume, mass and flow rate of liquids and pastes. It is ideal for corrosive products with its PP or PTFE antenna options. It features unique PP and PTFE antennas for aggressive products. The device is able to measure distances up 30 m / 98.4 ft in process conditions up to +250°C / +482°F and 40 barg / 580 psig.

The device agrees with SIL2 requirements for safety-related systems (as per IEC 61508). Output options include HART®, FOUNDATION™ fieldbus and PROFIBUS PA industrial communication protocols.

LR54 Free Space Radar (24 GHz) for liquids in basic process applications



Designed for basic liquid applications, this market entry 24 GHz 2-wire FMCW radar transmitter provides accurate readings even in fast moving processes, in closed tanks or in the open air like rivers or dams. Its proven PP Drop antenna is insensitive to condensation.

The LR54 can measure in process conditions with temperatures up to  $+130^{\circ}\text{C}$  /  $+266^{\circ}\text{F}$  and pressures up to 16 barg / 232 psig. The antenna options permit to measure distances up to 100 m / 328 ft. The device can be installed in high nozzles ( $\leq 1$  m / 3.28 ft) when it is fitted with antenna extensions.

# LR74 Free Space Radar (24 GHz) for agitated and corrosive liquids



This 24 GHz FMCW radar level transmitter is designed for liquids in harsh environment like tanks with agitators containing corrosives or in non-Ex applications with extremely high process temperatures, like molten salt in solar plants (+700°C / +1292°F). For toxic and dangerous products, the use of a Metaglas® second sealing barrier is recommended.

The PTFE and PEEK Drop antennas have optional flange plate protection for corrosive media. Heating and cooling systems prevent from crystallization inside the Metallic Horn antennas. The device measures distances up to 100 m / 328 ft and can be installed in high nozzles ( $\leq 1 \text{ m} / 3.28 \text{ ft}$ ) when fitted with antenna extensions. Standard process conditions up to  $+200^{\circ}\text{C} / 392^{\circ}\text{F}$ ; 100 barg / 1450 psig (higher on request).

# LR75 Free Space Radar (80 GHz) for liquids in narrow tanks with internal obstructions



The small beam angle and negligible dead zone of this 80 GHz FMCW radar level transmitter makes it the premium choice for liquids in small and narrow tanks with internal obstructions like agitators or heating coils, as well as tanks with long nozzles. It can even measure through tank roofs made of non-conductive material (e.g. plastic, fiberglass or glass). The flush-mounted PEEK Lens antenna (no tank intrusion) is insensitive to deposit.

There is an extensive choice of process connections starting from  $\frac{3}{4}$ ". Flanges have an optional PEEK plate protection for corrosive tank contents. The LR75 operates in process conditions with temperatures up to +150°C / +302°F and pressures up to 40 barg / 580 psig. It measures distances up to 100 m / 328 ft and a 112 mm / 4.4" extension is available for high nozzles.

# LR64 Free Space Radar (24 GHz) for solids from granulates to rocks



By combining high signal dynamics and FMCW radar technology, this market-entry 24 GHz radar device measures accurately and reliably the level of solids like stone, plastic granulates or coffee beans. No need for expensive antenna aiming kits or purging systems; the proven Drop antenna design minimizes scaling and is not affected by the angle of repose.

It operates in process conditions with temperatures up to  $+130^{\circ}\text{C}$  /  $+266^{\circ}\text{F}$  and pressures up to 16 barg / 232 psig. The antenna options permit the device to measure distances up to 100 m / 328 ft.

# LR65 Free Space Radar (80 GHz) for powders and dusty atmosphere



Accurate continuous level measurement of fine powders has to deal with a series of issues like dust, low-reflective media, build-up and uneven surfaces. The specific algorithms and high signal dynamics of this 80 GHz FMCW radar transmitter are the key to provide reliable and accurate readings despite these difficult conditions. Thanks to the small beam angle of the flush-mounted Lens antenna, this powerful device handles high and narrow silos even in the presence of internal obstructions.

The LR65 operates in process conditions with temperatures up to  $+200^{\circ}\text{C}$  /  $+392^{\circ}\text{F}$  and pressures up to 40 barg / 580 psig. It offers an extensive choice of threaded ( $\geq 11/2^{\circ}$ ) and flanged ( $\geq DN50$  /  $2^{\circ}$ ) process connections. The antenna options permit the device to measure distances up to 100 m / 328 ft. A 112 mm / 4.4" extension is available for high nozzles.

# 1.4 Measuring principle

A radar signal is emitted via an antenna, reflected from the product surface and received after a time t. The radar principle used is FMCW (Frequency Modulated Continuous Wave).

The FMCW-radar transmits a high frequency signal whose frequency increases linearly during the measurement phase (called the frequency sweep). The signal is emitted, reflected on the measuring surface and received with a time delay, t. Delay time, t=2d/c, where d is the distance to the product surface and c is the speed of light in the gas above the product.

For further signal processing the difference  $\Delta f$  is calculated from the actual transmitted frequency and the received frequency. The difference is directly proportional to the distance. A large frequency difference corresponds to a large distance and vice versa. The frequency difference  $\Delta f$  is transformed via a Fast Fourier Transform (FFT) into a frequency spectrum and then the distance is calculated from the spectrum. The level results from the difference between the tank height and the measured distance.

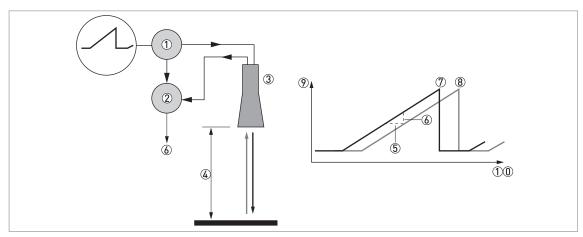


Figure 1-1: Measuring principle of FMCW radar

- 1 Transmitter
- ② Mixer
- 3 Antenna
- 4 Distance to product surface, where change in frequency is proportional to distance
- $\bigcirc$  Differential time delay,  $\Delta t$
- 6 Differential frequency,  $\Delta f$
- Trequency transmitted
- 8 Frequency received
- Frequency
- (1)(0) Time

#### Measurement modes

#### "Direct" mode

The device uses the largest radar signal to monitor level.

#### "Direct Plus" mode

If it is possible there will be an interference signal in the measurement zone that is larger than the level signal, select "Direct Plus" mode. If you select "Direct Plus" mode, the device locks on the level signal and monitors changes in level. If the device then finds larger reflections in the silo, it will only monitor the largest signal in a small search zone around the first reflection found and ignore all other reflections. The interference signal must not be near to the level signal.

# 2.1 Technical data

- The following data is provided for general applications. If you require data that is more relevant to your specific application, please contact us or your local sales office.
- Additional information (certificates, special tools, software,...) and complete product documentation can be downloaded free of charge from the website.

# Measuring system

Measuring principle	2-wire loop-powered level transmitter; FMCW radar
Frequency range	W-band (7882 GHz)
Max. radiated power (EIRP)	< -41.3 dBm according to ETSI EN 302 372 (TLPR) and ETSI EN 302 729 (LPR)
Application range	Level measurement of powders and granulates
Primary measured value	Distance and reflection
Secondary measured value	Level, volume and mass

## Design

The measurement system consists of a measuring sensor (antenna) and a signal converter
Integrated LCD display (-20+70°C / -4+158°F); if the ambient temperature is not in these limits, then this condition can stop the display
Distance piece (for process temperature: +150+200°C / +302+392°F)
Antenna purging system (supplied with a G 1/4 connection)
Weather protection
Lens, DN40 (1½"): 30 m / 98 ft
Lens, DN70 (2¾"): 100 m / 328.1 ft
Refer also to "Measuring accuracy" on page 17
1 m / 40"
0.3 m / 12" (add 112 mm / 4.4" if the DN40 Lens antenna has an antenna extension)
1 m / 3.3 ft
Lens, DN40 (1½"): 8°
Lens, DN70 (2¾"): 4°
Backlit LCD display
128 × 64 pixels in 64-step greyscale with 4-button keypad
English, French, German, Italian, Spanish, Portuguese, Chinese (simplified), Japanese, Russian, Czech, Polish and Turkish

## Measuring accuracy

Resolution	1 mm / 0.04"	
Repeatability	±1 mm / ±0.04"	

Accuracy	Standard: $\pm 2$ mm / $\pm 0.08$ °, when distance $\leq 10$ m / 33 ft; $\pm 0.02\%$ of measured distance, when distance > 10 m / 33 ft. For more data, refer to Measuring accuracy on page 17.
Digital temperature drift	Max. ±10 mm / ±0.39" for the full temperature range
Reference conditions acc. to EN 61298-1	
Temperature	+15+25°C / +59+77°F
Pressure	1013 mbara ±50 mbar / 14.69 psia ±0.73 psi
Relative air humidity	60% ±15%
Target	Metal plate in an anechoic chamber. The device has specified settings.

# Operating conditions

Temperature	
Ambient temperature	-40+80°C / -40+176°F Ex: see supplementary operating instructions or approval certificates
Relative humidity	099%
Storage temperature	-40+85°C / -40+185°F
Process connection temperature (higher temperature on request)	-50+150°C / -58+302°F The process connection temperature must agree with the temperature limits of the gasket material. Refer to "Materials" in this table.) Ex: see supplementary operating instructions or approval certificates
Pressure	
Process pressure	-140 barg / -14.5580 psig
	Subject to the process connection used and the process connection temperature. For more data, refer to <i>Guidelines for maximum operating pressure</i> on page 20.
Other conditions	
Dielectric constant ( $\epsilon_r$ )	≥1.4
Ingress protection	IEC 60529: IP66 / IP68 (0.1 barg / 1.45 psig)
	NEMA 250: NEMA type 4X - 6 (housing) and type 6P (antenna)
Maximum rate of change	60 m/min / 196 ft/min

# Installation conditions

Process connection size	The nominal diameter (DN) should be equal to or larger than the antenna diameter.
Process connection position	Make sure that there are not any obstructions directly below the process connection for the device. For more data, refer to the handbook.
Dimensions and weights	For dimensions and weights data, refer to <i>Dimensions and weights</i> on page 24.

## Materials

Housing	Standard: Polyester-coated aluminium
	Option: Stainless steel (1.4404 / 316L) — non-Ex devices only. Ex approvals will be available in the second quarter of 2020.
Wetted parts, including antenna	PEEK — this material agrees with FDA regulations
Process connection	Stainless steel (1.4404 / 316L)
Slanted flange (option)	PTFE (≤ +150°C / +302°F); PEEK (> +150°C / +302°F)
Gaskets	FKM/FPM (-40+150°C / -40+302°F); EPDM (-50°C+150°C / -58+302°F)

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Cable gland	Standard: none	
	Options: Plastic (Non-Ex: black, Ex i-approved: blue); nickel-plated brass; stainless steel; M12 (4-pin connector)	
Weather protection (Option)	Stainless steel (1.4404 / 316L)	

#### **Process connections**

DN40 (1½") Lens antenna	
Thread	G 1½ A (ISO 228); 1½ NPT (ASME B1.20.1)
Flange, EN 1092-1	Low-pressure flanges: DN50200 in PN01; Standard flanges: DN50 in PN40; DN80200 in PN10, PN16 and PN40 (Type B1); others on request Optional flange facing: Type A
Flange, ASME B16.5	Low-pressure flanges: 2"8" in 150 lb (max. 15 psig); Standard flanges: 2"8" in 150 lb RF and 300 lb RF; others on request Optional flange facing: FF (Flat Face)
DN70 (2¾") Lens antenna	
Thread	G3 A (ISO 228); 3 NPT (ASME B1.20.1)
Flange, EN 1092-1	Low-pressure flanges: DN80200 in PN01; Standard flanges: DN80200 in PN10, PN16 and PN40 (Type B1); others on request Optional flange facing for standard flanges: Type A
Flange, ASME B16.5	Low-pressure flanges: 3"8" in 150 lb (max. 15 psig); Standard flanges: 3"8" in 150 lb RF and 300 lb RF; others on request Optional flange facing for standard flanges: FF (Flat Face)

# **Electrical connections**

Power supply	Terminals output – Non-Ex / Ex i: 1230 V DC; min./max. value for an output of 21.5 mA at the terminals
	Terminals output – Ex d: 1636 V DC; min./max. value for an output of 21.5 mA at the terminals
Maximum current	21.5 mA
Current output load	<b>Non-Ex / Ex i:</b> $R_L[\Omega] \le ((U_{ext} - 12 \text{ V})/21.5 \text{ mA})$ . For more data, refer to <i>Minimum power supply voltage</i> on page 16.
	<b>Ex d:</b> $R_L[\Omega] \le ((U_{ext} - 16 \text{ V})/21.5 \text{ mA})$ . For more data, refer to <i>Minimum power supply voltage</i> on page 16.
Cable entry	Standard: M20×1.5; Options: ½ NPT; 4-pin male M12 connector
Cable gland	Standard: none
	Options: M20×1.5 (cable diameter: 712 mm / 0.280.47"); others are available on request
Cable entry capacity (terminal)	0.53.31 mm² (AWG 2012)

# Input and output

Current output	
Output signal	Standard: 420 mA
	Options: 3.820.5 mA acc. to NAMUR NE 43; 420 mA (reversed); 3.820.5 mA (reversed) acc. to NAMUR NE 43
Output type	Passive
Resolution	±5 μA

Temperature drift	Typically 50 ppm/K
Error signal	High: 21.5 mA; Low: 3.5 mA acc. to NAMUR NE 43
HART®	
Description	Digital signal transmitted with the current output signal (HART® protocol) ①
Version	7.4
Load	≥ 250 Ω
Digital temperature drift	Max. ±15 mm / 0.6" for the full temperature range
Multi-drop operation	Yes. Current output = 4 mA. Enter Program mode to change the polling address [163].
Available drivers	FC475, AMS, PDM, FDT/DTM
PROFIBUS PA (pending)	
Туре	PROFIBUS MBP interface that agrees with IEC 61158-2 with 31.25 kbit/s; voltage mode (MBP = Manchester-Coded, Bus-Powered)
Function blocks	1 × Transducer Block Level (TB-Level), 1 × Physical Block (PB), 4 × Analog Input Block (AI), 1 × Totalizer Function Block (TOT)
Device power supply	932 V DC — bus powered; no additional power supply required
Polarity sensitivity	No
Basic current	18 mA
FOUNDATION™ fieldbus (pending	ıl
Physical layer	FOUNDATION™ fieldbus protocol that agrees with IEC 61158-2 and FISCO model; galvanically isolated
Communication standard	H1
ITK version	6.3
Function blocks	1 × Enhanced Resource Block (RB), 1 × Customer Level Transducer Block (LEVELTB), 1 × Customer Converter Transducer Block (CONVTB), 1 × Customer Diagnosis Transducer Block (DIAGTB), 4 × Analog Input Block (AI), 1 × Digital Input (DI), 1 × Integrator Block (IT), 1 × Proportional Integral Derivate Block (PID), 1 × Arithmetic Block (AR)
	Analog Input Block: 10 ms
	Digital Input Block: 20 ms
	Integrator Block: 15 ms
	Proportional Integral Derivate Block: 25 ms
Device power supply	Not intrinsically safe: 932 V DC
	Intrinsically safe: 924 V DC
Basic current	18 mA
Maximum error current FDE	25.5 mA (= basic current + error current = 18 mA + 7.5 mA)
Polarity sensitivity	No
Minimum cycle time	250 ms
Output data	Level, distance, volume, ullage volume, mass, ullage mass
Input data	None
Link Active Scheduler	Supported
NAMUR NE 107 data	Supported with FF field diagnosis (FF-891)
	T

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# Approvals and certification

CE	The device meets the essential requirements of the EU Directives. The manufacturer certifies successful testing of the product by applying the CE marking.				
	For more data about the EU Directives and European Standards related to this device, refer to the EU Declaration of Conformity. This document is supplied with the device. You can also download this document free of charge from the website.				
Vibration resistance	EN 60068-2-6 and EN 60721-3-4 (19 Hz: 3 mm / 10200 Hz:1g, 10g shock ½ sinus: 11 ms)				
Explosion protection					
ATEX (EU Type Approval)	II 1/2 G Ex ia IIC T6T3 Ga/Gb;				
	II 1/2 D Ex ia IIIC T85°CT*°C Da/Db; ②				
	II 1/2 G Ex db ia IIC T6T3 Ga/Gb;				
	II 1/2 D Ex ia tb IIIC T85°CT*°C Da/Db ②				
ATEX (Type Approval)	II 3 G Ex ic IIC T6T3 Gc;				
	II 3 D Ex ic IIIC T85°CT*°C Dc ②				
IECEx	Ex ia IIC T6T3 Ga/Gb;				
	Ex ia IIIC T85°CT*°C Da/Db; ②				
	Ex db ia IIC T6T3 Ga/Gb;				
	Ex ia tb IIIC T85°CT*°C Da/Db; ②				
	Ex ic IIC T6T3 Gc;				
	Ex ic IIIC T85°CT*°C Gc ②				
cQPSus	Division ratings				
	XP-IS, Class I, Div 1, GPS ABCD, T6T3;				
	DIP, Class II, III, Div 1, GPS EFG, T85°CT*°C; ②				
	IS, Class I, Div 1, GPS ABCD, T6T3;				
	IS, Class II, III, Div 1, GPS EFG, T85°CT*°C; ②				
	NI, Class I, Div 2, GPS ABCD, T6T3;				
	NI, Class II, III, Div 2, GPS FG, T85°CT*°C ②				
	Zone ratings				
	Class I, Zone 1, AEx db ia [ia Ga] IIC T6T3 Gb (US) — antenna suitable for Zone 0; Ex db ia [ia Ga] IIC T6T3 Gb (Canada) — antenna suitable for Zone 0;				
	Class I, Zone 0, AEx ia IIC T6T3 Ga (US); Ex ia IIC T6T3 Ga (Canada);				
	Zone 20, AEx ia IIIC T85°CT*°C Da (US); Ex ia IIIC T85°CT*°C Da (Canada); ②				
	Zone 21, AEx ia tb [ia Da] IIIC T85°CT*°C Db (US) — antenna suitable for zone 20 Ex ia tb [ia Da] IIIC T85°CT*°C Db (Canada) — antenna suitable for zone 20 ②				
NEPSI.	Ex ia IIC T3~T6 Ga/Gb;				
- pending	Ex d ia IIC T3~T6 Ga/Gb;				
	Ex iaD 20/21 T85T* IP6X; ③				

Other standards and approvals				
Electromagnetic compatibility	EU: Electromagnetic Compatibility directive (EMC)			
Radio approvals	EU: Radio Equipment directive (RED)			
	FCC Rules: Part 15			
	Industry Canada: RSS-211			
Electrical safety	EU: Agrees with the safety part of the Low Voltage directive (LVD)			
	<b>USA and Canada</b> : Agrees with NEC and CEC requirements for installation in ordinary locations			
NAMUR	NAMUR NE 21 Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) of Industrial Process and Laboratory Control Equipment			
	NAMUR NE 43 Standardization of the Signal Level for the Failure Information of Digital Transmitters			
	NAMUR NE 53 Software and Hardware of Field Devices and Signal Processing Devices with Digital Electronics			
	NAMUR NE 107 Self-Monitoring and Diagnosis of Field Devices			
CRN	Pending. This certification is applicable for all Canadian provinces and territories. For more data, refer to the website.			
Construction code	Option: ASME B31.3			

 $<sup>\</sup>textcircled{1}$  HART® is a registered trademark of the HART Communication Foundation

# 2.2 Minimum power supply voltage

Use these graphs to find the minimum power supply voltage for a given current output load.

## Non-Ex and Hazardous Location approved (Ex i / IS) devices

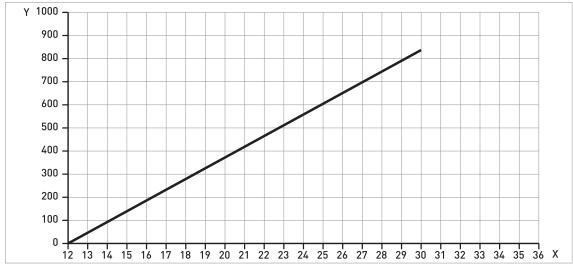


Figure 2-1: Minimum power supply voltage for an output of 21.5 mA at the terminals (Non-Ex and Hazardous Location approval (Ex i / IS))

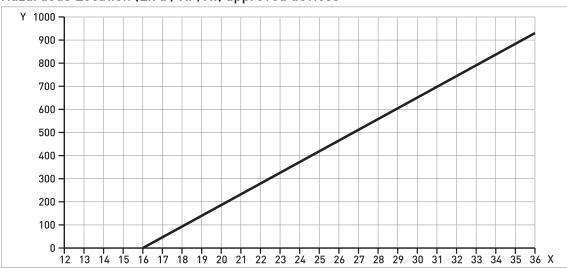
X: Power supply U [V DC]

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Y: Current output load  $R_L$  [ $\Omega$ ]

②  $T^{*\circ}C = 150^{\circ}C$  or  $200^{\circ}C$ . For more data, refer to the related Ex approval certificate.

 $<sup>\</sup>textcircled{3}$  T\* = 150°C or 200°C. For more data, refer to the related Ex approval certificate.



## Hazardous Location (Ex d / XP/NI) approved devices

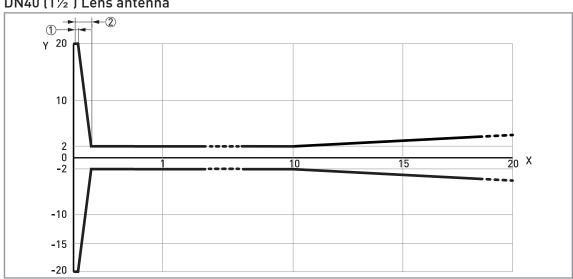
Figure 2-2: Minimum power supply voltage for an output of 21.5 mA at the terminals (Hazardous Location approval (Ex d / XP/NI))

X: Power supply U [V DC]

Y: Current output load  $R_L$  [ $\Omega$ ]

# 2.3 Measuring accuracy

Use these graphs to find the measuring accuracy for a given distance from the transmitter.



## DN40 (1½") Lens antenna

Figure 2-3: DN40 (1 $\frac{1}{2}$ ") Lens antenna: measuring accuracy (graph of measuring accuracy in mm against measuring distance in m)

- X: Measuring distance from the thread stop or flange facing of the process connection [m]
- Y: Measuring accuracy [+yy mm / -yy mm]
- ① 50 mm
- 2 200 mm

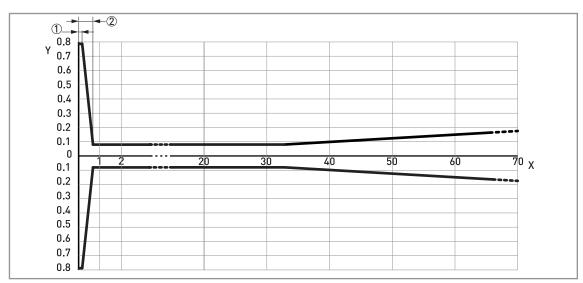


Figure 2-4: DN40 (1 $\frac{1}{2}$ ) Lens antenna: measuring accuracy (graph of measuring accuracy in inches against measuring distance in ft)

X: Measuring distance from the thread stop or flange facing of the process connection [ft]

Y: Measuring accuracy [+yy inches / -yy inches]

1.97

2 7.87"

To calculate the accuracy at a given distance from the antenna, refer to Technical data on page 11 (measuring accuracy).

#### DN70 (23/4") Lens antenna

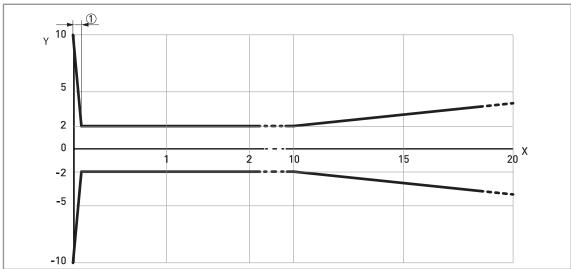


Figure 2-5: DN70 ( $2\frac{3}{4}$ ") Lens antenna: measuring accuracy (graph of measuring accuracy in mm against measuring distance in m)

- X: Measuring distance from the thread stop or flange facing of the process connection [m]
- Y: Measuring accuracy [+yy mm / -yy mm]
- ① 100 mm

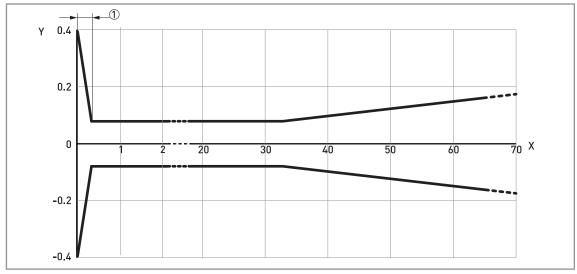


Figure 2-6: DN70 (1 $\frac{1}{2}$ ") Lens antenna: measuring accuracy (graph of measuring accuracy in inches against measuring distance in ft)

- $\hbox{X: Measuring distance from the thread stop or flange facing of the process connection [ft]}\\$
- Y: Measuring accuracy [+yy inches / -yy inches]
- ① 3.94"

To calculate the accuracy at a given distance from the antenna, refer to Technical data on page 11 (measuring accuracy).

# 2.4 Guidelines for maximum operating pressure

Make sure that the devices are used within their operating limits.

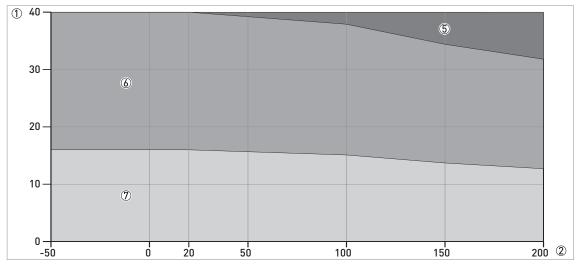


Figure 2-7: Pressure / temperature de-rating (EN 1092-1), flange and threaded connection, in  $^{\circ}$ C and barg

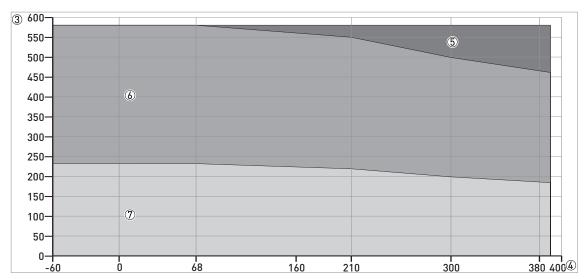


Figure 2-8: Pressure / temperature de-rating (EN 1092-1), flange and threaded connections, in °F and psig

- ① Process pressure, p [barg]
- 2 Process connection temperature, T [°C]
- ③ Process pressure, p [psig]
- 4 Process connection temperature, T [°F]
- (5) Threaded connection, G (ISO 228-1)
- 6 Flange connection, PN40
- Tlange connection, PN16

## CRN certification (pending)

There is a CRN certification option for devices with process connections that agree with ASME standards. This certification is necessary for all devices that are installed on a pressure vessel and used in Canada.

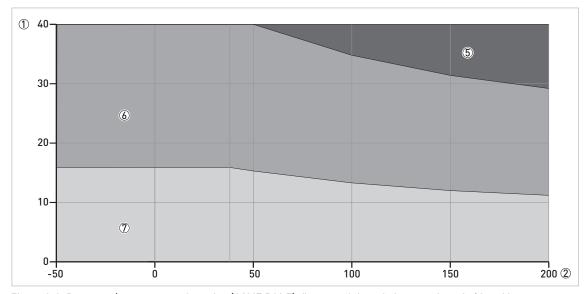


Figure 2-9: Pressure / temperature de-rating (ASME B16.5), flange and threaded connections, in  $^{\circ}$ C and barg

22

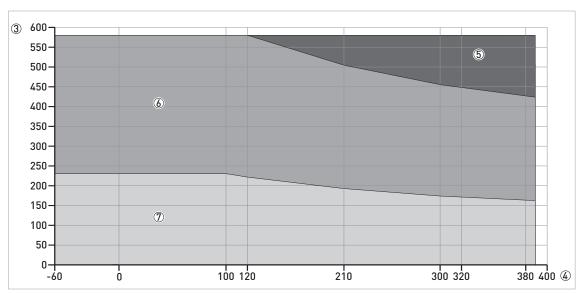


Figure 2-10: Pressure / temperature de-rating (ASME B16.5), flange and threaded connections, in °F and psig

- ① Process pressure, p [barg]
- 2 Process connection temperature, T [°C]
- ③ Process pressure, p [psig]
- 4 Process connection temperature, T [°F]
- (5) Threaded connection, NPT (ASME B1.20.1)
- 6 Flange connection, Class 300
- 7 Flange connection, Class 150

# 2.5 Dimensions and weights

#### DN40 / 1½" Lens antenna versions

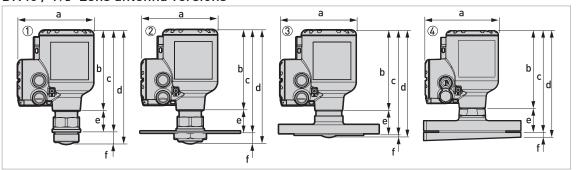


Figure 2-11: DN40 / 1½" Lens antenna versions

- ① DN40 / 1½" Lens antenna with a G 1½A or 1½ NPT threaded connection
- ② DN40 / 1½" Lens antenna with a low-pressure flange attached to a threaded connection
- 3 DN40 / 1½" Lens antenna with a flange connection
- 4 DN40 / 1½" Lens antenna with a flange connection and the 2° slanted flange option
- The diameter of the outer sheath of the cable must be 7...12 mm or 0.28...0.47.
- Cable glands for cQPSus-approved devices must be supplied by the customer.
- A weather protection cover is available as an accessory with all devices.

	1 44/"			Б.			
DN40	1 11/2	Lens	antenna:	Dimer	nsions	ın	mm

Type of process	Dimensions [mm]								
connection	а	b	С	d	е	f			
Thread connection	151	160	203.5 ①	228 ①	29.5 ①	24.2			
Low-pressure flange connection	151	160	206.5 ①	228 ①	32.2 ①	21.2			
Flange connection	151	160	209.5 ①	214 ②	49.2 ①	4.2 ③			
Flange connection with slanted flange option	151	160	209.6 ①	219.6 ①	49.2 ①	10			

- 1 If the process temperature is more than +150°C, add 112 mm to this value
- ② If the process temperature is more than +150°C, add 112 mm to this value. If the device has the antenna extension option, add 112 mm to this value.
- ③ If the device has the antenna extension option, add 112 mm to this value

#### DN40 / 1½" Lens antenna: Dimensions in inches

Type of process	Dimensions [inches]								
connection	а	b	С	d	е	f			
Thread connection	5.94	6.30	8.01 ①	8.98 ①	1.16 ①	0.95			
Low-pressure flange connection	5.94	6.30	8.13 ①	8.98 ①	1.27 ①	0.83			
Flange connection	5.94	6.30	8.25 ①	8.42 ②	1.94 ①	0.17 ③			
Flange connection with slanted flange option	5.94	6.30	8.25 ①	8.65 ①	1.94 ①	0.39			

- ① If the process temperature is more than  $+302^{\circ}$ F, add  $4.41^{\circ}$  to this value
- ② If the process temperature is more than +302°F, add 4.41" to this value. If the device has the antenna extension option, add 4.41" to this value.
- ③ If the device has the antenna extension option, add 4.41" to this value

#### DN70 / 2¾" Lens antenna versions

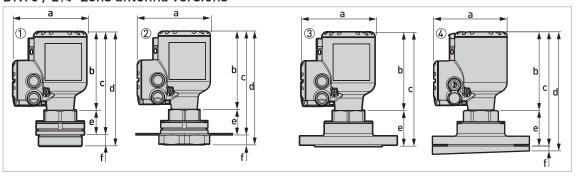


Figure 2-12: DN70 / 2¾" Lens antenna versions

- $\textcircled{1}\ \ \mathsf{DN70}\ /\ 2^3\!\! 4^{\text{\tiny{II}}}\ \mathsf{Lens}$  antenna with a G 3A or 3 NPT threaded connection
- 3 DN70 / 2¾" Lens antenna with a flange connection
- 4 DN70 / 2¾" Lens antenna with a flange connection and the 2° slanted flange option
- The diameter of the outer sheath of the cable must be 7...12 mm or 0.28...0.47.
- Cable glands for cQPSus-approved devices must be supplied by the customer.
- A weather protection cover is available as an accessory with all devices.

ens antenna.	Dimens	แกทร	ın	mm
	.ens antenna:	ens antenna: Dimens	ens antenna: Dimensions	ens antenna: Dimensions in

Type of process	Dimensions [mm]								
connection	a	b	С	d	е	f			
Thread connection	151	160	1	2	3	4			
Low-pressure flange connection	151	160	212.8 ⑤	233.2 ⑤	52 ⑤	21.2			
Flange connection	151	160	233.2 ⑤	_	72 ⑤	_			
Flange connection with slanted flange option	151	160	233.2 ⑤	243.2 ⑤	72 ⑤	10			

- ① If the device has a G 3 process connection, then c = 209.8 mm. If the device has a 3 NPT process connection, then c = 207.8 mm. If the process temperature is more than +150°C, add 112 mm to this value.
- ② If the device has a G 3 process connection, then d = 233.2 mm. If the device has a 3 NPT process connection, then d = 239.9 mm. If the process temperature is more than +150°C, add 112 mm to this value.
- 3 If the device has a 6 3 process connection, then e = 49 mm. If the device has a 3 NPT process connection, then e = 47 mm. If the process temperature is more than +150°C, add 112 mm to this value.
- (4) If the device has a G 3 process connection, then f = 23.3 mm. If the device has a 3 NPT process connection, then f = 30 mm.
- 5 If the process temperature is more than +150°C, add 112 mm to this value

#### DN70 / 23/4" Lens antenna: Dimensions in inches

Type of process	Dimensions [inches]								
connection	a	b	С	d	е	f			
Thread connection	5.94	6.30	1	2	3	4			
Low-pressure flange connection	5.94	6.30	8.38 ⑤	9.18 ⑤	2.05 ⑤	0.83			
Flange connection	5.94	6.30	9.18 ⑤	_	2.83 ⑤	_			
Flange connection with slanted flange option	5.94	6.30	9.18 ⑤	9.57 ⑤	2.83 ⑤	0.39			

- ① If the device has a G 3 process connection, then  $c = 8.26^\circ$ . If the device has a 3 NPT process connection, then  $c = 8.18^\circ$ . If the process temperature is more than  $+302^\circ$ F, add  $4.41^\circ$  to this value.
- ② If the device has a G 3 process connection, then  $d = 9.18^{\circ}$ . If the device has a 3 NPT process connection, then  $d = 9.44^{\circ}$ . If the process temperature is more than  $+302^{\circ}$ F, add  $4.41^{\circ}$  to this value.
- ③ If the device has a G 3 process connection, then  $e = 1.93^{\circ}$ . If the device has a 3 NPT process connection, then  $e = 1.85^{\circ}$ . If the process temperature is more than  $+302^{\circ}$ F, add  $4.41^{\circ}$  to this value.
- (4) If the device has a G 3 process connection, then f = 0.92". If the device has a 3 NPT process connection, then f = 1.18".
- ⑤ If the process temperature is more than +302°F, add 4.41" to this value

## **Purging option**

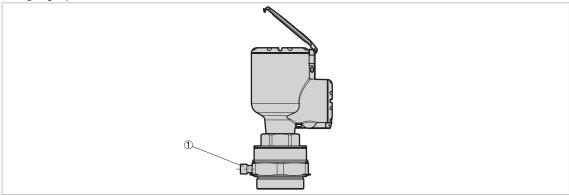


Figure 2-13: Purging options

 $\bigcirc$  G 1/4 threaded connection for purging system (the plug is supplied by the manufacturer)

#### Purging system

Flange connections must have a pressure rating of PN10 (EN 1092-1), PN16 (EN 1092-1), Class 150 (ASME B16.5) or be a low-pressure flange (PN01 / 15 psig). A purging system adaptor is also available as an accessory for devices with threaded connections that do not have a purging system.

## Weather protection option

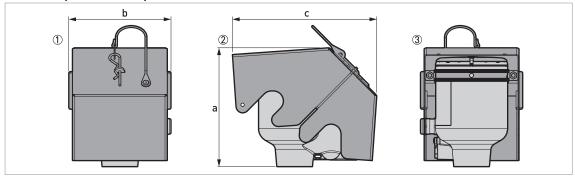


Figure 2-14: Weather protection option

- ① Front view (with weather protection closed)
- 2 Left side (with weather protection closed)
- 3 Rear view (with weather protection closed)

## Weather protection: Dimensions and weights

			Weights [kg]					
		a		b		С		
	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[kg]	[lb]
Weather protection	177	6.97	153	6.02	216	8.50	1.3	2.9

# Converter weight

Type of housing	Wei	ghts
	[kg]	[lb]
Compact aluminium housing	2.1	4.6
Compact aluminium housing with distance piece ①	3.0	6.6
Compact stainless steel housing	4.5	9.9
Compact stainless steel housing with distance piece ①	5.4	11.9

① If the process temperature is more than  $+150^{\circ}$ C /  $+302^{\circ}$ F, the housing has a distance piece. For more data about the overall dimensions of the device, refer to the "Dimensions and weights section.

# Antenna option weights

Antenna options	Min./Max. weights		
	[kg]	[lb]	

# Standard options, with converter

DN40 (1½") Lens antenna with G 1½ or 1½ NPT threaded connection	2.5	5.5
DN70 (2¾") Lens antenna with G 3 or 3 NPT threaded connection	4.3	9.5
DN40 (1½") Lens antenna with G 1½ or 1½ NPT threaded connection and low-pressure flange	3.1	6.8
DN70 (2¾") Lens antenna with G 3 or 3 NPT threaded connection and low-pressure flange	4.8	10.6
DN40 (1½") Lens antenna with DN80 PN16 / B1 or 3" 150 lb / RF flange	6.7	14.8
DN70 (2¾") Lens antenna with DN80 PN16 / B1 or 3" 150 lb / RF flange	7.0	15.4
DN40 (1½") Lens antenna with DN80 PN16 / B1 or 3" 150 lb / RF flange and 2° PP slanted flange	6.9	15.2
DN70 (2¾") Lens antenna with DN80 PN16 / B1 or 3" 150 lb / RF flange and 2° PP slanted flange	7.1	15.7

# 3.1 Order code

Make a selection from each column to get the full order code.

LR65	4	0	LR to	LR65 Free Space Radar - 80 GHz radar (FMCW) level transmitter for powders and dusty atmosphere (up to 40 barg (580 psig) and 150°C (302°F))														
			Re	gior	nal	directives												
			1	Eu	rop	е												
			2	Ch	ina													
			3	US	Α	4												
			4	Ca	nad	ada												
			5	Br	azil	zil												
			6	Au	stra	alia												
			Α	Ru	ssia	а												
			В	Ka	zak	hstan												
			С	Ве	ları	us												
			W	Wc	rld	dwide												
				Ex	approvals													
				0	Wi	thout												
				1	AT	X II 1/2 G Ex ia IIC T6T3 Ga/Gb + II 1/2 D Ex ia IIIC T85°CT150°C or T85°CT200°C Da/DI												
				2	AT a/[	EX II 1/2 G Ex db ia IIC T6T3 Ga/Gb + II 1/2 D Ex ia tb IIIC T85°CT150°C or T85°CT200°C Db												
				3	ΑТ	X II 3 G Ex ic IIC T6T3 Gc + II 3 D Ex ic IIIC T85°CT150°C or T85°CT200°C Dc												
				5	NE	SI Ex ia IIC T3~T6 Ga/Gb + Ex iaD 20/21 T85T150 or T85T200 ①												
				6	NE	PSI Ex d ia IIC T3~T6 Ga/Gb + Ex iaD 20/21 tD A21 IP6X T85°CT150°C or T85°CT200°C ①												
				А		PSus IS CL I/II/III DIV 1 GP A-G + CL I Z0 AEx ia/Ex ia IIC T6T3 Ga + Z20 AEx ia/Ex ia IIIC 5°CT150°C or T85°CT200°C Da												
				В		PSus XP-IS/DIP CL I DIV 1 GP A-G + CL I Z1 AEx db ia/Ex db ia IIC T6T3 Gb + Z21 Ex ia tb/Ex ia tb IIIC T85°CT150°C or T85°CT200°C Db ②												
				С	сQ	PSus NI CL I/II/III DIV 2 GP A-G												
				K	IE	CEx Ex ia IIC T6T3 Ga/Gb + Ex ia IIIC T85°CT150°C or T85°CT200°C Da/Db												
				L	IE	CEx Ex db ia IIC T6T3 Ga/Gb + Ex ia tb IIIC T85°CT150°C or T85°CT200°C Da/Db												
				М	IE	CEx Ex ic IIC T6T3 Gc + Ex ic IIIC T85°CT150°C or T85°CT200°C Dc												
					0	Construction												
						0 Without												
						CRN / ASME B31.3 ①												
						ASME B31.3												
						Converter version (Housing material / IP class)												
						2 C / Compact version (aluminium housing — IP66/68 0.1 barg)												
						3 C / Compact version (stainless steel housing — IP66/68 0.1 barg) ③												
LR65	4	F			0	Order code (complete this code on the pages that follow)												

						Ou	Outputs										
						1	2-1	wire	/ 42	20mA passive HART®							
						6	F0	UN	OITAC	N™ fieldbus (2 wire) ①							
						7	PR	OFI	BUS F	PA (2 wire) ①							
							Ca	ble	entry .	/ cable gland							
							1	M2	0×1.5	/ without							
							2	M2	0×1.5	/ 1 × plastic + plug							
							3	M2	0×1.5	/ 1 × nickel-plated brass + plug							
							4	M2	0×1.5	/ 1 × stainless steel + plug							
							5	M2	0×1.5	/ 1 × M12 (4-pin connector) + plug							
							6	M2	0×1.5	/ 2 × plastic							
							7	M2	0×1.5	/ 2 × nickel-plated brass							
							8	M2	0×1.5	/ 2 × stainless steel							
							Α	M2	0×1.5	/ 2 × M12 (4-pin connector)							
							С	1/2	NPT n	ickel-plated brass adaptor / without							
							D	1/2	NPT n	ickel-plated brass adaptor / 1 × nickel-plated brass + plug							
							Ε	1/2	NPT s	stainless steel adaptor / 1 × stainless steel + plug							
							F	1/2	NPT	T nickel-plated brass adaptor / 2 × nickel-plated brass							
							G	1/2	NPT	stainless steel adaptor / 2 × stainless steel							
								Dis	play								
								0	With	hout (no display, cover without window)							
								4	Plug-	-in display (cover with window)							
									Displ	ay – Documentation language							
									1 E	nglish							
									2 G	erman							
									3 F	rench							
										alian							
									_	panish							
									_	ortuguese							
										apanese							
									_	hinese (simplified)							
										ussian							
									_	zech							
								C Turkish									
										olish							
LR65	4	F		0					0	rder code (complete this code on the pages that follow)							

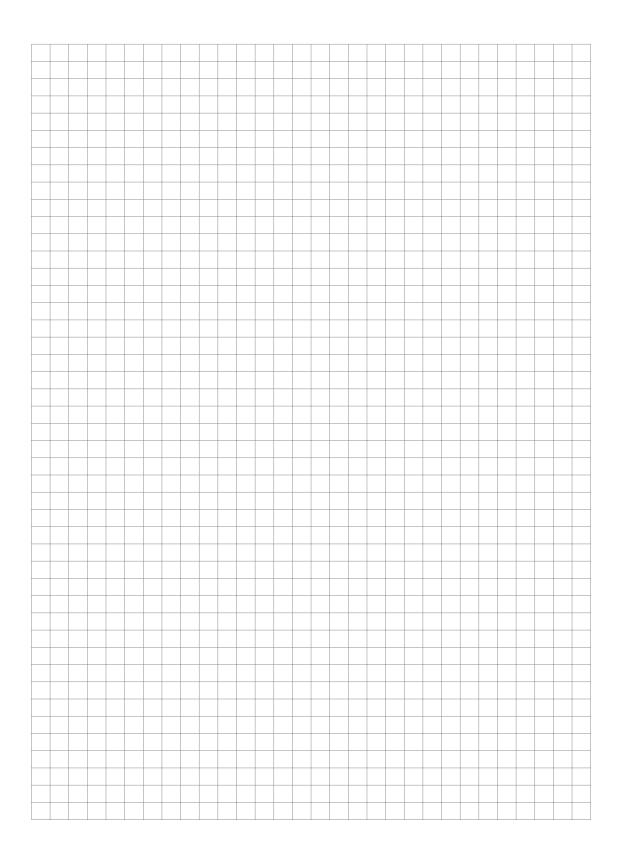
							0	Process conditions (Pressure, temperature, material and remarks) / Process seal											
								1	-1 Fk	4 (M/I	.0 barg (-14.5580 psig) / -40°C+150°C (-40°F+302°F) / FPM								
								2		40 barg (-14.5580 psig) / -50°C+150°C (-58°F+302°F) / DM									
								4 -140 barg (-14.5580 psig) / -40°C+200°C (-40°F+392°F) / FKM/FPM @											
									Antennas (antenna type, material, radio approval)										
									3	Le	ns,	DN	40 (	1½") / PEEK / LPR ⑤					
									4 Lens, DN70 (2¾") / PEEK / LPR ⑤										
										Ar	iten	na e	xte	nsion					
										0	Wi	itho	ut						
										1	31	6 L	/ 11	2 mm (4.4") ⑥					
											Pr fin	oce:	5S C	connection: Size / Pressure class / Flange face					
											IS	0 22	8 (t	hreaded connection)					
											G	Р	0	G 1½ A					
											L	Р	0	G 3 A					
											AS	ME	B1.	20.1 (threaded connection)					
										G			0	1½ NPT					
											L	Α	0	3 NPT					
											Lo	w-p	res	sure EN flange (screwed to G 1½A connection)					
											Н	С	7	DN50 PN01					
											L	С	7	DN80 PN01					
											М	С	7	DN100 PN01					
											Р	С	7	DN150 PN01					
											R	С	7	DN200 PN01					
												w-p nne		sure ASME flange (screwed to 1½ NPT n)					
											Н	1	В	2" 150 lb, 15 psig max.					
											L	1	В	3" 150 lb, 15 psig max.					
											М	1	В	4" 150 lb, 15 psig max.					
											Р	1	В	6" 150 lb, 15 psig max.					
											R	1	В	8" 150 lb, 15 psig max.					
LR65	4	F		0			0							Order code (complete this code on the pages that follow)					

				I			 					100	20	1.11
														1 flange
										$\vdash$	H	G	1	DN50 PN40 – Type B1
										H	L	D	1	DN80 PN10 – Type B1
										-	L	Е	1	DN80 PN16 – Type B1
										-	L	G	1	DN80 PN40 – Type B1
										-	М	D	1	DN100 PN10 – Type B1
										L	М	Е	1	DN100 PN16 – Type B1
											М	G	1	DN100 PN40 – Type B1
											P	D	1	DN150 PN10 – Type B1
											Р	Е	1	DN150 PN16 – Type B1
											Р	G	1	DN150 PN40 – Type B1
											R	D	1	DN200 PN10 – Type B1
											R	Е	1	DN200 PN16 – Type B1
											R	G	1	DN200 PN40 – Type B1
											ASI	ME	В1	6.5 flange
											Н	1	Α	2" 150 lb RF
											Н	2	Α	2" 300 lb RF
											L	1	Α	3" 150 lb RF
											L	2	Α	3" 300 lb RF
											М	1	Α	4" 150 lb RF
											М	2	Α	4" 300 lb RF
											Р	1	Α	6" 150 lb RF
											Р	2	Α	6" 300 lb RF
											R	1	Α	8" 150 lb RF
											R	2	Α	8" 300 lb RF
											JIS	B2	220	flange
											Н	U	Р	50A JIS 10K RF
											L	U	Р	80A JIS 10K RF
											М	U	Р	100A JIS 10K RF
											Р	U	Р	150A JIS 10K RF
											R	U	Р	200A JIS 10K RF
													Alt	ernative flange facing (avail. by special request)
													ΕN	l 1092-1 flange
													7	Type A (Flat Face)
					П								AS	ME B16.5 flange
													В	FF (Flat Face)
LR65	4	F		0				0						Order code (complete this code on the pages that follow)

											Ca	libr	atio	on certificate
											0	Wi	itho	ut: Accuracy ±2 mm (±0.08")
											1	Ca 10	alibi m	ration certificate ±2 mm (±0.08") up to (32.81 ft), 2 points
											2	Ca 10	alibi I m	ration certificate ±2 mm (±0.08") up to (32.81 ft), 5 points
											3	10	m	ration certificate ±2 mm (±0.08") up to (32.81 ft), 5 points specified by the mer min. ≥ 400 mm (16")
												Op	otio	าร
												0	W	ithout
												2	Рι	ırging system
													A	cessories / Tag plate
													0	Without
													1	Weather protection
													3	Stainless steel Tag plate (18 characters max.)
													6	Weather protection + Stainless steel Tag plate (18 characters max.)
LR65	4	F		0			0							Order code

- Pending
- ② DIP = Dust Ignition Proof.
- ③ This housing option has Ex ia and Ex ic approvals. The Ex d approval for this option is pending.
- 4.41" With a distance piece above the process connection, length 112 mm / 4.41"
- (but the antenna must point down and not be near sensitive installations (e.g. a radio astronomy station)). TLPR = You must install the antenna in a closed tank.
- **(b)** For the DN40 (1½") Lens antenna only. This option is not available if the process temperature is more than  $+150^{\circ}$ C ( $+302^{\circ}$ F).

NOTES 4



#### ADDITIONAL PRODUCTS

These product lines offer a broad range of measurement and instrument products, including solutions for pressure, flow, analytical, temperature, positioning, controlling and recording. For a list of these offerings, visit our website at: www.schneider-electric.com

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